

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT Information on patent family members

02/12/99

International application No. PCT/EP 99/07551

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)			Publication date	
WO	9837874	A1	03/09/98	AU AU EP NO SE	0898823	A A D	19/11/97 18/09/98 03/03/99 00/00/00 28/08/98
EP	0770385	A1	02/05/97	AU JP SG	7040496 9124470 43432	Α	01/05/97 13/05/97 17/10/97
WO	9623489	A2	08/08/96	AU CA DE EP JP US DE	19503604	A A T A	21/08/96 08/08/96 08/08/96 19/11/97 22/12/98 23/03/99 30/04/97
WO	9500130	A1	05/01/95	AU GB GB IL ZA	7005694 2280110 9412938 110139 9404633	A,B D D	17/01/95 25/01/95 00/00/00 00/00/00 25/10/95

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09/11/2958

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

1/2	From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU			
PCT	То:			
NOTIFICATION OF THE RECORDING OF A CHANGE (PCT Rule 92bis.1 and Administrative Instructions, Section 422) Date of mailing (day/month/year)	NILSSON, Brita Stockholms Patentbyrå Zacco AB P.O. Box 23101 S-104 35 Stockholm SUÈDE			
29 June 2001 (29.06.01)				
Applicant's or agent's file reference 29805/BN	IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION			
International application No. PCT/EP99/07551	International filing date (day/month/year) 08 October 1999 (08.10.99)			
The following indications appeared on record concerning: the applicant				
Name and Address NILSSON, Brita	State of Nationality State of Residence			
AB Stockholms Patentbyrå, Zacco & Bruhn P.O. Box 23101	Telephone No.			
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2. The International Bureau hereby notifies the applicant that the the person				
Name and Address NILSSON, Brita	State of Nationality State of Residence			
Stockholms Patentbyrå Zacco AB P.O. Box 23101 S-104 35 Stockholm	Telephone No.			
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3. Further observations, if necessary:				
4. A copy of this notification has been sent to:				
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the international Freningary Examining Actionty				
The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland	Authorized officer Anman QIU			
Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35	phone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38			

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PATENT COOPERATION TREA (Y

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NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION

(PCT Rule 61.2)

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

Assistant Commissioner for Patents United States Patent and Trademark Office

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Washington, D.C.20231 **ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE**

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 06 June 2000 (06.06.00)

in its capacity as elected Office

International application No. PCT/EP99/07551

International filing date (day/month/year)

29805/BN Priority date (day/month/year)

Applicant's or agent's file reference

08 October 1999 (08.10.99)

16 October 1998 (16.10.98)

Applicant

LIGNELL, Åke

1.	. The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:
	X in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:
	10 May 2000 (10.05.00)
	in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:
2	. The election X was
	was not
	made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b).

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Authorized officer

Juan Cruz

Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

PCT

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

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SE

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): ASTAC-AROTENE AB [SE/SE]; Idrottsvägen 4, S-134 40 Gustavsberg (SE).

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(75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): LIGNELL, Åke [SE/SE]; Klippstigen 5, S-139 40 Värmdö (SE).

(74) Agents: NILSSON, Brita et al.; AB Stockholms Patentbyrå, Zacco & Bruhn, P.O. Box 23101, S-10435 Stockholm (SE). (81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN SS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, ES, LT U, LV MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PD, PT RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TETZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO paten GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published

With international search report.

Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

(54) Title: TREATMENT OF DYSPEPSIA

(57) Abstract

Use of a at least one type of xanthophylls for the preparation of a medicament for prophylactic and/or therapeutic treatment of dyspepsia, is disclosed. The xanthophyll is preferably astaxanthin, e.g. astaxanthin is in a form esterified with fatty acids, such as in algal meal prepared from a culture of the alga Haematococcus sp. The medicament may further comprise carbohydrate structures and/or (a) different antioxidant(s). Further, a method of prophylactic and/or therapeutic treatment of dyspepsia in an individual, is described. The method comprises administration to said individual of a dyspepsia-alleviating amount of a medicament comprising at least one type of xanthophylls.

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TREATMENT OF DYSPEPSIA

The present invention relates to treatment of dyspepsia. The invention is particularly concerned with the use of at least one type of xanthophylls for the preparation of a medicament for prophylactic and/or therapeutic treatment of dyspepsia, and a method of treating dyspepsia. A preferred xanthophyll is astaxanthin.

Background of the invention

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Dyspepsia, or indigestion, is one of the most common gastrointestinal disorders or diseases in both animals and humans. Dyspepsia is persistent or recurrent abdominal pain or abdominal discomfort centered in the upper abdomen. Dyspepsia refers to symptoms in the upper abdomen that are considered to be related to the upper alimentary tract. Often dyspepsia is temporary and disappears spontaneously. In case alleviation of the symptoms is desired, ingestion of antacids is often the first choice of treatment. Antacids are normally not taken prophylactically.

However, there are several alternative therapeutic treatments of dyspepsia, and the present invention provides a new alternative, which may also be used for prophylactic treatment.

Description of the invention

The present invention is directed to the use of at least one type of xanthophylls for the preparation of a medicament for prophylactic and/or therapeutic treatment of dyspepsia.

In a preferred embodiment the xanthophyll is astaxanthin, especially astaxanthin in a form esterified with fatty acids. The astaxanthin in esterified form is suitably provided in the form of algal meal prepared from a culture of the alga *Haematococcus sp*.

The medicament may further comprise carbohydrate structures, such as lipopolysaccharides, polysaccharides and glycoproteins, and/ or one or several different antioxidant(s), such as ascorbic acid (vitamin C) and tocopherol (vitamin E).

The medicament is preferrably in the form of unit doses adapted for a daily dosage of xanthophyll(s) in the range of 0.05 to 1 mg per kg body weight of an individual, which is an animal or a human.

The invention is also directed to a method of prophylactic and/or therapeutic treatment of dyspepsia in an individual, which comprises administration to said individual of an dyspepsia-alleviating amount of a medicament comprising at least one type of xanthophylls.

In a preferred embodiment the xanthophyll is astaxanthin, especially astaxanthin in a form esterified with fatty acids. The astaxanthin in esterified form is suitably provided in the form of algal meal prepared from a culture of the alga *Haematococcus sp*.

The medicament may further comprise carbohydrate structures, such as lipopolysaccharides, polysaccharides and glycoproteins, and/ or one or several different antioxidant(s), such as ascorbic acid (vitamin C) and tocopherol (vitamin E).

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Preferably, the dyspepsia-alleviating amount of the medicament comprises xanthophyll(s) in the range of 0.05 to 1 mg per kg body weight of the individual, which is an animal or a human.

The at least one type of xanthophylls that are used in the present invention may comprise a mixture of different types of xanthophylls or different forms of the same xanthophyll, such as a mixture of synthetic astaxanthin and naturally produced astaxanthin.

The mechanism of the prophylactic and therapeutic effect of the xanthophylles in the treatment of dyspepsia is not known, but it should be noted that they possess strong antioxidative properties and that they are soluble in fats and oils.

At present, the most preferred embodiment of the invention comprises algal meal having astaxanthin in esterified form with fatty acids dissolved in small droplets of naturally occurring oil and naturally occurring carbohydrate structures in the partially disrupted cell walls.

The medicament used in the invention may comprise additional ingredients which are pharmacologically acceptable inactive or active in prophylactic and/or therapeutic use, such as flavoring agents.

The medicament may be presented in a separate unit dose or in mixture with food. Examples of separate unit doses are tablets, gelatin capsules and predetermined amounts of solutions, e. g. oil solutions, or emulsions, e.g. water-in- oil or oil-in-water emulsions. Examples of foods in which the preparation of the invention may be incorporated is dairy products, such as yoghurt, chocolate and cereals.

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Experiments

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The experiments were conducted on 15 human volunteers experiencing symptoms of dyspepsia that did not disappear spontaneously. They were given 2 to 10 capsules per day containing algal meal produced by culturing of the algae *Haematococcus sp.* by AstaCarotene AB, Gustavsberg, Sweden. (These capsules are sold as an anti-oxidant and they contain 4 mg astaxanthin per capsule, with the instruction to take one capsule per day.)

This double to ten times the recommended dose, i.e. 8 - 40 mg astaxanthin per day, eliminated or drastically alleviated the symptoms of dyspepsia in all volunteers in 1 - 3 weeks, and no side effects were reported.

Astaxanthin from other sources, and other xanthophylls as well, are expected to be similarly useful for the purposes of the invention. An advantage of using astaxanthin from algae is, however, that the astaxanthin exists in a form esterified with fatty acids [Renström B. et al, 1981, Phytochem 20(11):2561-2564], which esterified astaxanthin thereby is more stable during handling and storage than free astaxanthin.

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CLAIMS

- 1. Use of a at least one type of xanthophylls for the preparation of a medicament for prophylactic and/or therapeutic treatment of dyspepsia.
 - 2. Use according to claim 1, wherein the xanthophyll is astaxanthin.
- 3. Use according to claim 2, wherein the astaxanthin is in a form esterified with fatty acids.
- 4. Use according to claim 3, wherein the astaxanthin in esterified form is provided in the form of algal meal prepared from a culture of the alga *Haematococcus sp*.
- 5. Use according to any one of claims 1 4, wherein the medicament further comprises carbohydrate structures.
 - 6. Use according to any one of claims 1 5, wherein the medicament further comprises (a) different antioxidant(s).
 - 7. Use according to any one of claims 1 6, wherein the medicament is in the form of unit doses adapted for a daily dosage of xanthophyll(s) in the range of 0.05 to 1 mg per kg body weight of an individual.
 - 8. Method of prophylactic and/or therapeutic treatment of dyspepsia in an individual, which comprises administration to said individual of an dyspepsia-alleviating amount of a medicament comprising at least one type of xanthophylls.
 - 9. Method according to claim 8, wherein the xanthophyll is astaxanthin.
 - 10. Method according to claim 9, wherein the astaxanthin is in a form esterified with fatty acids.
 - 11. Method according to claim 10, wherein the astaxanthin in esterified form is provided in the form of algal meal prepared from a culture of the alga *Haematococcus sp*.
 - 12. Method according claim 8, wherein the medicament further comprises carbohydrate structures.
 - 13. Method according to claim 8, wherein the medicament further comprises (a) different antioxidant(s).
- 14. Method according to claim 8, wherein the dyspepsia-alleviating amount of the medicament comprises xanthophyll(s) in the range of 0.05 to 1 mg per kg body weight of the individual.

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. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER PC 7 A61K31/122 A61I A61K31/07 A61P1/00 A61P39/06 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) A61K A61P IPC 7 Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Category ' Relevant to claim No. Х WO 98 37874 A (ALEJUNG PAER ; ASTACAROTENE 1 - 14AB (SE); WADSTROEM TORKEL (SE)) 3 September 1998 (1998-09-03) the whole document EP 0 770 385 A (SUNTORY LTD ; ITANO Х 1 - 14REFRIGERATED FOOD CO LTD (JP)) 2 May 1997 (1997-05-02) page 5, line 12 - line 55 page 6, line 48 -page 7, line 7; claims Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex. Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance invention "E" earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention citation or other special reason (as specified) cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docu-"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. other means document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 1 0, 03, 2000 27 January 2000 Name and mailing address of the ISA **Authorized officer** European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Gerd Strandell / MR Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

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Interna Il Application No PCT/EP 99/07551

	PC1/EP 99/0/551
ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
DATABASE STN MOZSIK G ET AL: "Retinoids as scavengers and gastric cytoprotection in animals, human beings and patients with peptic ulcer" retrieved from BIOSIS, accession no. 1993:537623 Database accession no. 199345124717 XP002900836 abstract page 329 -page 338 & OXYGEN FREE RADICALS AND SCAVENGERS IN THE NEUTRAL SCIENCES,1993, pages 329-338,	1-14
WO 96 23489 A (BASF AG ;SCHMUTZLER WOLFGANG (DE); KOLTER KARL (DE)) 8 August 1996 (1996-08-08) page 1 page 3, line 14 - line 38; claim 1	1-14
WO 95 00130 A (HOWARD FOUNDATION; HOWARD ALAN NORMAN (GB); HEPWORTH LAWRENCE BRYE) 5 January 1995 (1995-01-05) page 7, line 15 page 8, line 1 - line 17 page 9, line 11 - line 17; claims 1-4,10,13-18,23	1-14
	DATABASE STN MOZSIK G ET AL: "Retinoids as scavengers and gastric cytoprotection in animals, human beings and patients with peptic ulcer" retrieved from BIOSIS, accession no. 1993:537623 Database accession no. 199345124717 XP002900836 abstract page 329 -page 338 & OXYGEN FREE RADICALS AND SCAVENGERS IN THE NEUTRAL SCIENCES, 1993, pages 329-338, WO 96 23489 A (BASF AG; SCHMUTZLER WOLFGANG (DE); KOLTER KARL (DE)) 8 August 1996 (1996-08-08) page 1 page 3, line 14 - line 38; claim 1 WO 95 00130 A (HOWARD FOUNDATION; HOWARD ALAN NORMAN (GB); HEPWORTH LAWRENCE BRYE) 5 January 1995 (1995-01-05) page 7, line 15 page 8, line 1 - line 17 page 9, line 11 - line 17; claims

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In ational application No.

PCT/EP 99/07551

Box I Observati ns wher c rtain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of it m 1 of first sheet)
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
1. X Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely: Remark: Although claims 8-14 relate to methods of treatment of the human/animal body by surgery or by therapy (PCT Rule 39.1(iv)), the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.
2. Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
B x II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

Information on patent family members

International application No.

02/12/99 | PCT/EP 99/07551

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date		Patent family member(s)	.	Publicatio date	
MO	9837874	A1	03/09/98	AU AU EP NO SE	2796797 6295198 0898823 994109 9700708	A A D	19/11/97 18/09/98 03/03/99 00/00/00 28/08/98
EP	0770385	A1	02/05/97	AU JP SG	7040496 9124470 43432	Α	01/05/97 13/05/97 17/10/97
WO	9623489	A2	08/08/96	AU CA DE EP JP US DE	4715796 2210957 19503604 0806946 10513444 5886053 19539743	A A T A	21/08/96 08/08/96 08/08/96 19/11/97 22/12/98 23/03/99 30/04/97
WO	9500130	A1	05/01/95	AU GB GB IL ZA	7005694 2280110 9412938 110139 9404633	A,B D D	17/01/95 25/01/95 00/00/00 00/00/00 25/10/95

09/463958 09/463958

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PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file referenc	FOR FURTHER ACT		fication of Transmittal of International ary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
29805/BN 			
nternational application No.	International filing date (da	y/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/EP99/07551	08/10/1999		16/10/1998
nternational Patent Classification A61K31/122	(IPC) or national classification and IPC		
Applicant			
ASTACAROTENE AB et al			
 This international prelimir and is transmitted to the a 	ary examination report has been particle 36. Applicant according to Article 36.	epared by this Ir	nternational Preliminary Examining Authority
2. This REPORT consists o	a total of 7 sheets, including this c	over sheet.	
been amended and a	re the basis for this report and/or si Section 607 of the Administrative Ir	neets containing	tion, claims and/or drawings which have rectifications made before this Authority the PCT).
3. This report contains indic	ations relating to the following items	:	
I ⊠ Basis of the r	eport		
II 🗆 Priority			,
III 🖾 Non-establisi	nment of opinion with regard to nov	elty, inventive ste	ep and industrial applicability
IV Lack of unity			
V ⊠ Reasoned st citations and	atement under Article 35(2) with reg explanations suporting such staten	ard to novelty, in nent	nventive step or industrial applicability;
VI 🗆 Certain docu		•	
VII Certain defe	ets in the international application		
VIII ☐ Certain obse	rvations on the international applica	tion	
Date of submission of the demand	1	Date of completion	of this report
10/05/2000		22.01.2001	
Name and mailing address of the preliminary examining authority:		Authorized officer	SE SOURS MITELE
European Patent Of D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0		Markopoulos, I	

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/EP99/07551

ı.	Bas	is of the report
1.	resp the	report has been drawn on the basis of (substitute sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in sonse to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).): scription, pages:
	1-3	as originally filed
	Clai	ms, No.:
	1-14	as originally filed
2.	With lang	n regard to the language , all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the guage in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.
	The	se elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:
		the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
		the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
		the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3).
3.	With inte	n regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the rnational preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:
		contained in the international application in written form.
		filed together with the international application in computer readable form.
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.
		The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.
		The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished.
4.	The	amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

□ the claims, Nos.:
 □ the drawings, sheets:
 5. □ This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been

☐ the description,

pages:

considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/EP99/07551

(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.)

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6.	Add	itional observations, if ne	cessary	:						
III.	Non	n-establishment of opini	on with	regard t	o novelty, ir	nventive ste	ep and indus	trial applic	cability	
1.	The obvi	questions whether the cl ious), or to be industrially	aimed ii applica	nvention a ble have	appears to be not been exa	e novel, to in amined in re	nvolve an inverse espect of:	entive step	(to be non-	
		the entire international a	pplicatio	n.						
	×	claims Nos. 8-14 in rega	rd to inc	dustrial ap	plicability.					
be	caus	e:								
	☒	the said international ap does not require an inter see separate sheet	plicatior rnationa	ı, or the s I prelimin	aid claims No ary examina	os. 8-14 rela tion (<i>specify</i>	ate to the follo):	owing subje	ect matter which	
		the description, claims o that no meaningful opini	r drawir on could	ngs (<i>indic</i> d be form	ate particula ed (specify):	r elements b	<i>oelow</i>) or said	claims No	s. are so unclear	
		the claims, or said claim could be formed.	s Nos.	are so ina	adequately s	upported by	the description	on that no i	meaningful opinion	
		no international search	eport ha	as been e	stablished fo	or the said c	laims Nos			
2.	and	eaningful international pr for amino acid sequence ructions:	elimina listing t	ry examin o comply	ation report with the star	cannot be candard provid	arried out due led for in Ann	e to the faild ex C of the	ure of the nucleotid Administrative	е
		the written form has not	been fu	rnished c	r does not co	omply with t	he standard.			
		the computer readable f	orm has	not beer	n furnished o	r does not c	omply with th	e standard		
V.	Rea cita	asoned statement under tions and explanations	r Article suppo	e 35(2) wi rting suc	th regard to h statement	novelty, in	ventive step	or indust	rial applicability;	
1.	Sta	tement								
	Nov	velty (N)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-14					
	Inve	entive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	- 1-14					
	Ind	ustrial applicability (IA)	Yes:	Claims	1-7					

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/EP99/07551

No: Claims -

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet

Re Item III

Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

Claims 8-14 relate to subject-matter considered by this Authority to be covered by the provisions of Rule 67.1(iv) PCT. Consequently, no opinion will be formulated with respect to the industrial applicability of the subject-matter of these claims (Article 34(4)(a)(i) PCT).

Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: WO 98 37874 A (ALEJUNG PAER ;ASTACAROTENE AB (SE); WADSTROEM TORKEL (SE)) 3 September 1998 (1998-09-03)

D2: EP-A-0 770 385 (SUNTORY LTD ;ITANO REFRIGERATED FOOD CO LTD (JP)) 2 May 1997 (1997-05-02)

D3: WO 96 23489 A (BASF AG ;SCHMUTZLER WOLFGANG (DE); KOLTER KARL (DE)) 8 August 1996 (1996-08-08)

D4: DATABASE STN MOZSIK G ET AL: 'Retinoids as scavengers and gastric cytoprotection in animals, human beings and patients with peptic ulcer' retrieved from BIOSIS, accession no. 1993:537623 Database accession no. 199345124717 XP002900836 & OXYGEN FREE RADICALS AND SCAVENGERS IN THE NEUTRAL SCIENCES, 1993, pages 329-338,

2. D1 claims an oral preparation comprising at least one type of xanthophylles, preferably astaxanthin, for the treatment of inflammation in the mucous membrane of mammalian gastrointestinal (GI) tract caused by a Helicobacter sp. infection. This preparation is exactly the same as in the present application, e.g. astaxanthin is in a form esterified with fatty acids and deriving from a culture of the alga Haematococcus sp. and the preparation comprises further carbohydrate structures and antioxidants such as ascorbic acid (claims). The daily dosage is in the range of 0.01 to 10 mg per kg body weight (p. 4, l. 13-16).

D2 describes the use of astaxanthin for the treatment of stress which can e.g. cause gastric and duodenal ulcers brought about by destruction of mucous membrane in the stomach and duodenum (p. 5, I. 50-52). Astaxanthin is being obtained e.g. by Haematococcus sp. (p. 4, l. 18-44), can be in esterified form (p. 5, l. 12-24), and is combined with an antioxidant (p. 7, l. 5-7).

D3 claims carotinoids like astaxanthin (p. 3, I. 25) for treating inflammatory diseases that are not caused by exposure to light or by microorganisms such as inflammation of the GI tract (p. 1, l. 24-26).

D4 discloses retinoids like lutein as scavengers and gastric cytoprotection in patients with peptic ulcers but different effects are being achieved in gastric and duodenal ulcers.

- H. pylori is known to lead to dyspepsia, but not every infection with H. pylori shows symptoms. Likewise, inflammation in the GI tract can be a cause which can lead to dyspepsia, but this is not imperative. Therefore, claims 1-14 seem to be novel (Art. 33(2) PCT).
- 3. Since the major causes of dyspepsia are esophagitis, gastroesophageal reflux disease, peptic ulcer and functional dyspepsia which is defined as "chronic or recurrent upper gastrointestinal symptoms not explained by biochemical or structural abnormalities", i.e. that inflammation plays a role in the pathogenesis of dyspepsia, and it is known from D1-D3 to treat inflammation in the GI tract with xanthophylls such as astaxanthin, claims 1-14 cannot be considered as inventive (Art. 33(3) PCT).

Having defined the technical problem to be the finding of an alternative to the treatment of dyspepsia, the person skilled in the art will not be capable of acknowledging an inventive step vis-à-vis the disclosure of D1-D3: as soon as the diagnosis regarding the cause of the symptoms in a patient will be completed and in part of the cases inflammation will be responsible for dyspepsia, it is obvious to use a xanthophyll for the treatment, i.e. that in inflammation the skilled in the art would inevitably be prompted to use a xanthophyll.

Regarding the document cited by the applicant (Talley et al., GUT 1999;45(Suppl. 2):II37-II42) it has to be noted: first of all this document being a document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed, cannot be considered for the time being, but taken the information known from the literature cited therein and since the authors endorsed the original Rome definition of dyspepsia from 1991, the following can be said concerning dyspepsia in general:

Dyspepsia is subdivided into 3 subgroups whereby the first subgroup relates to identified causes for the symptoms e.g. esophagitis. Since the present application covers treatment of all three groups, esophagitis being an inflammation of the esophagus is included. Therefore and taking D1-D3 for treating inflammation, broad independent claims 1 and 8 cannot be seen as inventive.

Furthermore, claims 1-14 dealing with the treatment of any type of dyspepsia are not supported by special embodiments showing the effect of xanthophylls in e.g. dyspepsia caused by non GI causes such as cardiac disease. Actually, a conclusion is only made from one experiment with 15 test persons experiencing symptoms of dyspepsia whereby the cause is not known. The skilled person would act in the same way by deriving the teaching of D1-D4 without the exercise of inventive skill, in order to solve the problem posed.

In regard to non GI causes and especially to heart diseases, a relation between dyspepsia and cardiac disorders has been shown in e.g. Pasini et al., G. Clin. Med. 1989; 70(2):101-4. Even if one considers cardiac disease not being correlated to dyspepsia, it does not make a difference as to the lack of evidence that xanthophylls are useful in dyspepsia not being correlated to inflammation. An expansion on all groups of dyspepsia should have been supported by at least another experiment with a different group of patients.

Finally, the different inflammation pathways involved in the genesis of the disease or in producing symptoms resp. mentioned by the applicant, are not relevant for assessing inventive step, i.e. a different mechanism of action is not important since the final effect remains the same.

4. For the assessment of the present claims 8-14 on the question whether they are industrially applicable, no unified criteria exist in the PCT Contracting States. The patentability can also be dependent upon the formulation of the claims. The EPO, for example, does not recognize as industrially applicable the subject-matter of claims to the use of a compound in medical treatment, but may allow, however, claims to a known compound for first use in medical treatment and the use of such a compound for the manufacture of a medicament for a new medical treatment.

Search request No. SE 98/01158

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC6: A61K 31/12, A61K 31/07
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC6: A61K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

SE, DK, FI, NO classes as above

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

CA, WPI, BIOSIS, MEDLINE

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Х	WO 9837874 A1 (ASTAC-AROTENE AB), 3 September 1998 (03.09.98)	1-14
X	EP 0770385 A1 (SUNTORY LIMITED), 2 May 1997 (02.05.97), page 5, line 12 - line 55; page 6, line 48 - page 7, line 7, the claims	1-14
X	STN International, File BIOSIS, BIOSIS accession no, 1993:537623, Document no. 199345124717, Mozsik, G. et al: "Retinoids as scavengers and gastric cytoprotection in animals, human beings and patients with peptic ulcer", Oxygen free radicals and scavengers in the natural sciences, 1993, pp 329-338	1-14
:		

X	Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box	С.	X See patent family annex.	
* "A" "E" "L" "O"	to be of particular relevance erlier document but published on or after the international filing date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means		later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art	
P	the priority date claimed	"& "	document member of the same patent family	
Date of the actual completion of the international-type search 23 April 1999			of mailing of the international-tupe search report	
Nan	ne and mailing address of the ISA/	Authorized officer		
Вох	edish Patent Office 5055, S-102 42 STOCKHOLM	Gerd Strandell		
Face	simile No. +46 8 666 02 86	Telephone No. + 46 8 782 25 00		

Search request No. SE 98/01158

		2F 38\01128	
C (Continu	ation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant	ant passages	Relevant to claim No
X	WO 9623489 A2 (BASF AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT), 8 August 1996 (08.08.96), page 1; page 3, line 14 - line 38, claim 1		1-14
A	WO 9500130 A1 (THE HOWARD FOUNDATION), 5 January 1995 (05.01.95), page 7, line 1! line 1 - line 17; page 9, line 11 - line 2 claims 1-4,10,13-18,23	5; page 8, 17,	1-14
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24 12 24			

INTERNATIONAL-TYPE SEARCH REPORT Information on patent family members

02/03/99

Search request No. SE 98/01158

	WO	9837874	A1	03/09/98	AU	2796797		19/11/97
					AU	6295198	* *	18/09/98
					SE	9700708	A 	28/08/98
	EP	0770385	A1	02/05/97	AU	7040496	A	01/05/97
1				,,	JP			13/05/97
					SG	43432	A	17/10/97
	WO	9623489	A2	08/08/96	ΑU	4715796		21/08/96
					CA	2210957		08/08/96
					DE	19503604	A	08/08/96
					EP	0806946	A	19/11/97
					JP	10513444	T	22/12/98
					DE	19539743	A	30/04/97
	WO	9500130	A1	05/01/95	AU	7005694	Δ	17/01/95
l	MO	9300130	ΧI	03/01/33	GB	2280110		25/01/95
					GB	9412938		00/00/00
					IL	110139		00/00/00
					ZA	9404633		25/10/95
					ZA	3404033	^	25/10/95



PCT

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Articl 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

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Applicant's or agent's file referen	, On On On One	R see Notification of Tra (Form PCT/ISA/220)		itional Search Report applicable, item 5 below.
29805/BN	ACTION			
International application No.	International filing date ('day/month/year) ((Earliest) Priority Da	ate (day/month/year)
PCT/EP 99/07551	08/10/1	999	16/1	10/1998
Applicant	•			
ASTACAROTENE AB et	1.			
	t has been prepared by this Internat s being transmitted to the Internation		ty and is transmitted	to the applicant
This International Search Repo	t consists of a total of4 panied by a copy of each prior art do	sheets. ocument cited in this repo	ort.	
Basis of the report				
	uage, the international search was c s filed, unless otherwise indicated ur		of the international a	application in the
the international Authority (Rule	l search was carried out on the basis 23.1(b)).	s of a translation of the in	nternational applica	tion furnished to this
was carried out on the contained in th filed together w furnished subs furnished subs	eotide and/or amino acid sequence asis of the sequence listing: international application in written for the the international application in con- quently to this Authority in written for quently to this Authority in computer at the subsequently furnished written plication as filed has been furnished	orm. mputer readable form. orm. r readble form. en sequence listing does		
·	at the information recorded in comp		entical to the written	sequence listing has been
	were found unsearchable (See Boion is lacking (see Box II).).		
<u>'</u>	ved as submitted by the applicant. In established by this Authority to re-	ad as follows:		
the text has be	oved as submitted by the applicant. In established, according to Rule 38 In from the date of mailing of this inte			
as suggested because the ap	to be published with the abstract is f y the applicant. plicant failed to suggest a figure. ure better characterizes the inventio	·		None of the figures.

iternational application No.

PCT/EP 99/07551

BxI	Observations where c rtain claims w ref und unsearchable (C ntinuati n fitem 1 of first sh et)
This Inte	ernational Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
1. X 2.	Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely: Remark: Although claims 8-14 relate to methods of treatment of the human/animal body by surgery or by therapy (PCT Rule 39.1(iv)), the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition. Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such
з. 🔲	an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically: Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
BxII	Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This Inte	ernational Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
1.	As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2.	As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3.	As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4.	No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark	The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 A61K31/122 A61K31/07

A61P1/00

A61P39/06

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 A61K A61P

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 98 37874 A (ALEJUNG PAER ;ASTACAROTENE AB (SE); WADSTROEM TORKEL (SE)) 3 September 1998 (1998-09-03) the whole document	1-14
X	EP 0 770 385 A (SUNTORY LTD ; ITANO REFRIGERATED FOOD CO LTD (JP)) 2 May 1997 (1997-05-02) page 5, line 12 - line 55 page 6, line 48 -page 7, line 7; claims	1-14

X Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Patent family members are listed in annex.		
° Special categories of cited documents :			
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but	 "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. 		
later than the priority date claimed	"&" document member of the same patent family		
Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report		
27 January 2000	1 0. 03. 2000		
Name and mailing address of the ISA	Authorized officer		
European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Gerd Strandell / MR		

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C/Corti-	DOCUMENTO CONCIDENTS TO SE SELEVINO	PCT/EP 99/07551
Category °	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	DATABASE STN MOZSIK G ET AL: "Retinoids as scavengers and gastric cytoprotection in animals, human beings and patients with peptic ulcer" retrieved from BIOSIS, accession no. 1993:537623 Database accession no. 199345124717 XP002900836 abstract page 329 -page 338 & OXYGEN FREE RADICALS AND SCAVENGERS IN THE NEUTRAL SCIENCES, 1993, pages 329-338,	1-14
X	WO 96 23489 A (BASF AG ;SCHMUTZLER WOLFGANG (DE); KOLTER KARL (DE)) 8 August 1996 (1996-08-08) page 1 page 3, line 14 - line 38; claim 1	1-14
A	WO 95 00130 A (HOWARD FOUNDATION; HOWARD ALAN NORMAN (GB); HEPWORTH LAWRENCE BRYE) 5 January 1995 (1995-01-05) page 7, line 15 page 8, line 1 - line 17 page 9, line 11 - line 17; claims 1-4,10,13-18,23	1-14

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